

## Check Digit – (Packed Arithmetic)

100 Points

Data Formats: In: CSU.PUBLIC.DATA(DATAPRG&PROG)

CC 1 - 8 Variable (Input and Output)

CC 9 - 10 Spaces

CC 11 - 13 OK (If check digit is correct)

OR

CC 11 - 13 BAD (If check digit was bad – show correct one!)

Validate the input to insure it is 8 numeric digits! Either skip bad input or print it!

Digits are numbered from left to right: 1 through 8 with 8 being the check digit.

Check digit calculation: Multiply (odd) digits [1, 3, 5, 7] by 3 and add to even digits

[2, 4, 6] (NOT 8!) giving sum. Subtract sum from next multiple of 10 not less than sum.

(See other side of page for several examples!)

Input: 00000291

Digits 1, 3, 5, and 7 times 3 = 27

Digits 2, 4, and 6 total = 2

Total  $27 + 2 = 29$

Check digit =  $30 - 29 = 1$

Input: 00001037

Digits 1, 3, 5, 7 times 3 = 12

Digits 2, 4, and 6 total = 0

Total  $12 + 0 = 12$

Check digit =  $20 - 12 = 8$

Name your program: PROG4 and leave it in your Library.

Break the program logic into about one page subroutines called with BAS.

Use: CSU.PUBLIC.DATA(DATAPRG&PROG) as the input dataset.

It's OK to leave 'debug' items in the print line!

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00000291 OK (Original input value with OK check digit)

00000291 (Copy of original value – not changed)

00001037 BAD (Original input value with BAD check digit)

00001038 (Input value with corrected check digit)

Another way to look at the check digit calculation is by creating a list of multiply factors.

Number: 0 0 0 0 1 2 6 C  
 Factors: 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1  
 Products: 0 0 0 0 3 2 18  
 Sum:  $3 + 2 + 18 = 23$   
 Next multiple of 10 = 30  
 Check digit =  $30 - 23 = 7$

Number: 0 0 0 0 0 9 9 C  
 Factors: 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1  
 Products: 0 0 0 0 0 9 27  
 Sum:  $9 + 27 = 36$   
 Next multiple of 10 = 40  
 Check digit =  $40 - 36 = 4$

Number: 0 0 0 0 0 2 9 C  
 Factors: 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1  
 Products: 0 0 0 0 0 2 27  
 Sum:  $2 + 27 = 29$   
 Next multiple of 10 = 30  
 Check digit =  $30 - 29 = 1$

A much more general version of a check digit routine could easily be made by entering the factors on the first input record, or having a table of the most commonly used factors built into the program. A variable in the input record could select the appropriate set of factors. Some common factors for an eight digit number are:

2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1  
 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1  
 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1  
 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 (Bar code validation)

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